

Concurrent validity of Pictorial Fit-Frail Scale (PFFS) in Older Adults Male Veterans with varying levels of Health Literacy

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*Disclosed no conflict of interest You MAY take photos of this presentation





Background - Frailty

- Clinical syndrome characterized by multisystemic physiological decline associated with high risk for adverse health outcomes
- Frailty and inadequate health literacy are common in the older population
- There are more than 75 assessment tools





Background- Frailty Assessment

- Pictorial Fit-Frail Scale (Theou et al., 2019)
 - Simple and comprehensive visual image-based questionnaire
 - Designed to assess the degree of frailty

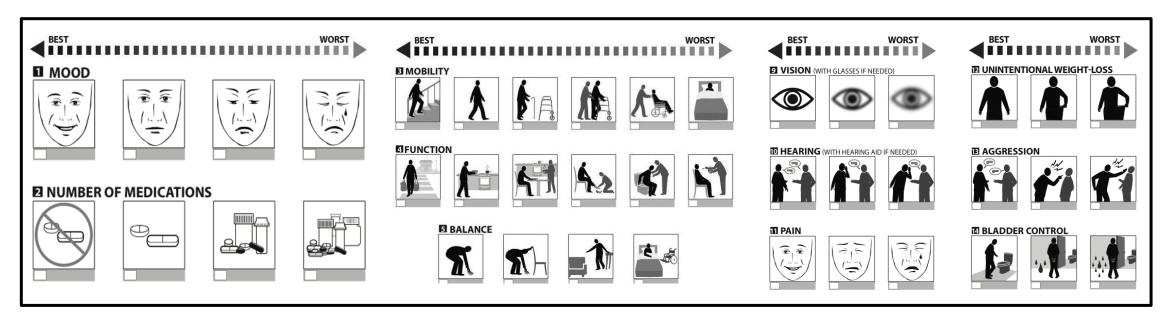
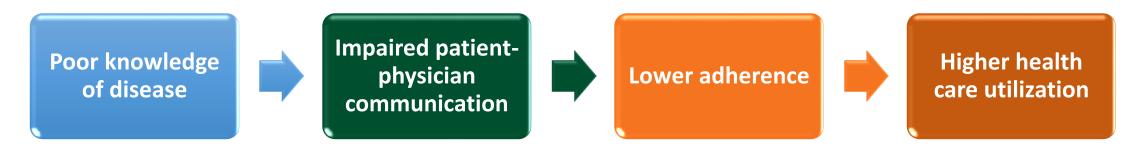


Figure 1: Components of the Pictorial Fit-Frail Scale (PFFS)



Background- Health Literacy

- Health literacy:
 - Is the capacity to obtain, process, and use basic health information and services needed to make health decisions
 - Research indicates association of inadequate health literacy with:







Purpose

Primary:

• Evaluate the concurrent validity of PFFS in assessing frailty status in a group of racially and ethnically diverse older Veterans with varying levels of health literacy and cognition

Secondary:

 Evaluate the feasibility of implementing this instrument in primary care practice





Methods

- Study Design:
 - Cross-Sectional Study
- Setting:
 - Community-dwelling older male Veterans ≥ 65 yo
 - Miami VAHS
- Evaluation of Frailty:
 - Pictorial Fit-Frail Scale (PFFS)
 - Frail Scale
 - 31-Items VA Frailty Index (VA-FI)





Methods (Calculation of VA-FI 31-items)

Morbidity		Function			Cognition and mood				
	1	Anemia	15	Arthritis (RA or osteoarthritis)	23	Hearing Impairment/Hearing Aid			
	2	Atrial Fibrillation	16	Use of Durable Medical Equipment	24	Peripheral Neuropathy			
	3	Cancer	17	Fall or Fall related diagnoses		Vision Comorbidity			
	4	Cerebrovascular disease	18	Fatigue					
	5	Coronary Artery Disease	19	Gait Abnormality or difficulty walking		Others			
	6	Diabetes	20	Parkinson's Disease and Tremors	23	Hearing Impairment/Hearing Aid			
	7	Heart Failure							
	8	Hypertension	21	Peripheral vascular disease or claudication	24	Peripheral Neuropathy			
	9	Kidney disease	22	2 Muscular wasting		Vision Comorbidity			
	10	Liver Disease or Cirrhosis							
	11	Lung disease	Sensory loss			Robust ≤.10			
	12	Thyroid disease	23	3 Hearing Impairment/Hearing Aid		Prefrail >.11- <.2			
	13	Osteoporosis	24	Peripheral Neuropathy					
	14	Incontinence	25	Vision Comorbidity		Frail ≥ .21			



Figure 2: Components of the Pictorial Fit-Frail Scale (PFFS)



Methods

- Evaluation of Health Literacy (HL):
 - Newest Vital Sign (NVS)
- Evaluation of Mood Status
- Evaluation of Cognitive Status
- Evaluation of Functional Status

Nutrition Facts Serving Size Servings per container	Serving Size				
Amount per serving					
Calories 250	Fat Cal	120			
		%DV			
Total Fat 13g		20%			
Sat Fat 9g		40%			
Cholesterol 28mg		12%			
Sodium 55mg		2%			
Total Carbohydrate 30g		12%			
Dietary Fiber 2g					
Sugars 23g					
Protein 4g		8%			
*Percentage Daily Values (DV) are	based on a	3			

*Percentage Daily Values (DV) are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs.

Ingredients: Cream, Skim Milk, Liquid Sugar, Water, Egg Yolks, Brown Sugar, Milkfat, Peanut Oil, Sugar, Butter, Salt, Carrageenan, Vanilla Extract.





Methods- Statistical Analysis

- Descriptive socio-demographic
- Pearson Correlation coefficient (PFFS, FRAIL scale and VA-FI)
- Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC): PFFS and FRAIL scale in comparison to the VA-FI, their tradeoff sensitivity and specificity



Results- Participant Characteristics

Table 1.	Participants C	haracteristics			
	Non-Frail n=35 (42.17%)	Frail n=48 (57.83%)	Total n=83 (100%)	p-value	
Age, mean (SD)	75.74 (5.36)	76.54 (6.49)	76.20 (6.02)	.550	
Caucasian, n (%)	22 (33.3%)	32 (66.7%)	54 (65.1%)	.719	
Not Hispanic, n (%)	25 (22.9%)	37 (77.1%)	62 (74.7%)	.460	
Married, n (%)	20 (54.2%)	22 (45.8%)	42 (50.6%)	.756	
At least 2 ADLS, n (%)	0 (0%)	6 (100%)	6 (7.2%)	.037	F
PFFS, mean (SD)	7.77 (5.35)	13.60 (7.42)	7.42 (7.20)	<.0001	N
FRAIL scale, mean (SD)	1.17 (1.04)	2.25 (1.37)	1.80 (1.35)	<.0001	
VA-FI, mean (SD)	.11 (.06)	.34 (.10)	.25 (.14)	<.0001	
Inadequate HL, n (%)	19 (47.5%)	21 (52.5%)	40 (48.2%)	.343	
Cognitive impairment, n (%)	5 (29.4%)	12 (70.6%)	17 (20.4%)	.232	
Depression PS, n (%)	2 (5.7%)	6 (12.5%)	8 (9.6%)	.458	

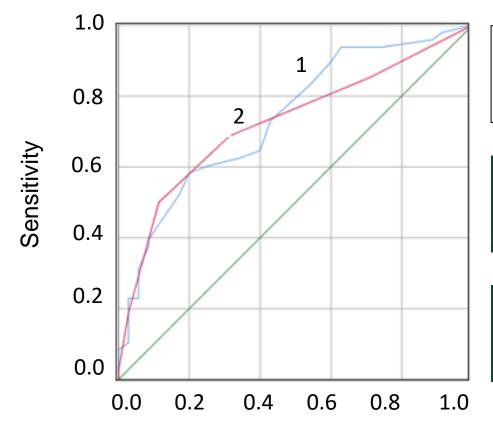


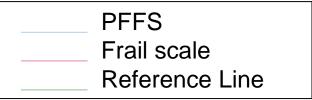
SD= standard deviation; n= number of participants; ADLS= activities of daily living; PFFS= Pictorial Fit Frailty Score; VA-FI= VA Frailty Index; HL= health literacy; PS= positive screen, CI= cognitive impairment. Significant differences are in bold (p<.05).



Results- ROC Curve

Figure 3 . ROC curve comparing FRAIL scale and PFFS against VA-FI on the assessment of frailty





1. PFFSAUC (95%CI)
0.737 [95%CI:0.629-0.844]

2. Frail scale AUC (95%CI) 0.724 [95%CI:0.615-0.824]





Discussion and Conclusions

- The PFFS is a feasible instrument in the assessment of frailty in racially and ethnically diverse older Veterans with varying levels of health literacy and cognitive status
- The PFFS exhibits comparable diagnostic accuracy to the FRAIL scale and VA-FI



Strengths And Limitations

- Strengths:
 - Administration of several validated scales
 - Electronic health record data
- Limitations:
 - Current SARS-CoV-2 pandemic
 - Small sample size
 - Only 1 center VA Miami
 - Cross-Sectional study





Next Step

 Larger prospective studies are needed to further validate the PFFS use in Older Veterans with inadequate health literacy using other clinical settings, databases and diverse populations including a representation of the female gender





Any questions?



Thank you!

Gracias!

شکرا (Shukran)

شکریہ (Shukriah)

धन्यवाद (Dhanyavaad)

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